What is EEA Grants/Norway Grants?





Iceland, Liechtenstein and Norway are not full members of the European Union.

The Agreeement on the European Economic Area, which entered into force on 1 January 1994, brings together the 28 EU Member States and the three EEA EFTA States — Iceland, Liechtenstein and Norway — in a single market, referred to as the "internal market". The objective of the EEA and Norway Grants is to reduce social and economic disparities in the EEA, and they are intended to put the beneficiary countries in a better position to make use of the internal market.

5 year donor agreements:

1994 - 1998

1999 - 2003

2004 - 2009

2009 – 2014 (still ongoing)

2014 - 2021 (agreement signed)



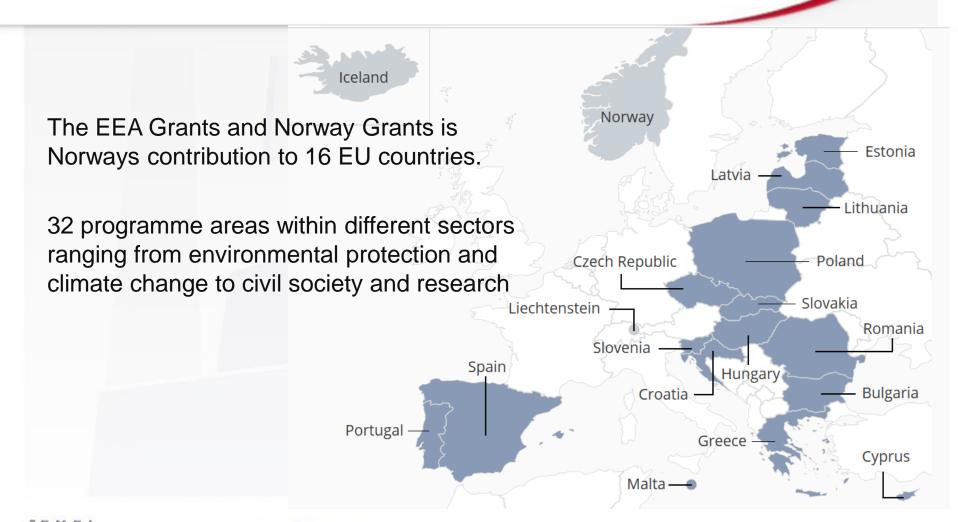






Donor contribution to 16 EU countries











Overall purpose



- Contribute to reduce social and economic disparities in Europe
- Development of bilateral relations between donors and recipients









Budget



Donor contribution:

Norway 97 % Iceland and Lichtenstein 3 %

- Through the Grants, we are providing €1.8 billion to programmes in 16 countries in the period 2009 to 2014.
- A contribution of € 2.8 billion has been agreed for the period 2014-2021.







Bilateral Fund Poland





- The Norwegian Water Resources and Energy Directorate (NVE) is project partner to the Polish National Fund for Environmental Protection and Water Management
- A bilateral fund under the program Energy saving and promoting renewable energy sources
- Budget: 3.100.000 EUR







Ongoing projects



- Geothermal energy cooperation with Icelandic partner
- Zero emission building Technical University in Warsaw and University of Trondheim as partner.
- Energy management in Polish industry (EMPI) NAPE in cooperation with Norsk Energi.
- Association of Polish Cities in cooperation with Norwegian KS
- The Polish Chamber of Commerce in cooperation with Norwegian partner International Development Norway AS

(Two more open call projects to be decided)





